98/28323

PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6: C07J 9/00, A61K 31/575

A1

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 98/28323

(43) International Publication Date:

2 July 1998 (02.07.98)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/DK97/00584

(22) International Filing Date:

19 December 1997 (19.12.97)

(30) Priority Data:

1478/96 60/041,488 20 December 1996 (20.12.96) DK US

11 February 1997 (11.02.97)

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): NOVO NORDISK A/S [DK/DK]; Novo Allé, DK-2880 Bagsværd (DK).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): GRØNDAHL, Christian [DK/DK]; Irisvej 19, DK-3500 Værløse (DK). GRØN-VALD, Frederik, Christian [DK/DK]; Dronningeengen 19, DK-2950 Vedbæk (DK), FAARUP, Peter [DK/DK]; Skråplanet 15, Jonstrup, DK-3500 Værløse (DK). MUR-RAY, Anthony [GB/DK]; Esthervej 32, 1 t.h., DK-2900 Hellerup (DK). OTTESEN, Jan, Lund [DK/DK]; Stormly 9, DK-3500 Værløse (DK).

(74) Common Representative: NOVO NORDISK A/S; Corporate Patents, Novo Allé, DK-2880 Bagsværd (DK).

(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published

With international search report.

(54) Title: MEIOSIS REGULATING COMPOUNDS

(57) Abstract

Certain compounds, structurally related to natural compounds which can be extracted i.a. from bull testes and from human follicular fluid, can be used for regulating the meiosis in ovocytes and in male germ cells.



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

							••
AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
ΑT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA.	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
ΑZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	•
ВЈ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Trinidad and Tobago Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	Uganda
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	United States of America
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Uzbekistan
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Viet Nam
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	zw	Yugoslavia
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand	ZW	Zimbabwe
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
Cυ	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	кo	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	สบ สบ	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	Li	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		•
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka				
EE	Estonia	LR	.Liberia	SE	Sweden		
		LIN	. Liberta	SG	Singapore	,	

Singapore

MEIOSIS REGULATING COMPOUNDS

5 FIELD OF THIS INVENTION

The present invention relates to pharmacologically active compounds and to their use as medicaments. More particularly it has been found that the sterol derivatives described herein can be used for regulating the meiosis.

10

15

20

25

30

BACKGROUND OF THIS INVENTION

In L.F. Fieser & M. Fieser: Steroids; Reinhold Publishing Corporation, 1967, 5α -bromocholestane- 3β , 6β -diol; 7α -bromocholestane- 3β , 6α -diol; 6β -chlorocholestane- 2α -ol; 5α -chlorocholestane- 3β , 6α -diol; 5α -chlorocholestane- 3β , 6α -diol; 6β -diol; cholestane- 3β , 6α -diol; cholestane- 3β , 6β -diol; cholestane- 3β , 6β -diol; cholestane- 3α , 4α -diol; cholestane- 3α , 4α -diol; cholestane- 3α , 4β -diol; cholestane- 3β , 4β -diol; cholestane- 3β , 6α -diol; α -cholestene- α - α -diol;

In German patent application having publication no. 1,183,079, a process for preparing 4α -hydroxy- 5α -cholestan-3-one is mentioned in Example 5. This compound is not stated to have other utilities than as intermediate.

In German patent application having publication no. 1,224,738, cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,6 β -triol-3 β -hemisuccinate; cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,6 β -triol-3 β -hemisuccinate-6 β -formiate; cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,6 β -triol-3 β -hemisuccinate-6 β -formiate; cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,6 β -triol-3 β -sulphate and

cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,6 β -triol-3 β -phosphate are mentioned in Example 1-5, respectively. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein can be used for the treatment of arteriosclerosis.

In German patent application having publication no. 2,201,991 C2, a process for the preparation of insecticides such as 2β ,3 β ,14 α ,22(R),25-pentahydroxycholest-7-en-6-one is described.

5

10

15

20

25

30

German patent application having publication no. 2,236,778 B2 relates to a novel insecticide, i.e., cholest-7-en-2 β ,3 β ,5 β ,11 α ,14 α ,20(R),22(R)-heptahydroxy-6-one.

In German patent application having publication no. 2,409,971 B2, 5,24-cholestadien-3 β -ol; 5-cholesten-3 β ,24,25-triol-3 β -acetate; 5-cholesten-3 β ,24,25-triol-3 β ,24-diacetate; 5,25-cholestadien-3 β -ol acetate; 5-cholesten-3 β ,25,26-triol-3 β -acetate and 5-cholesten-3 β ,25,26-triol are mentioned in Example 1, 1, 2, 3, 3 and 6, respectively. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein are valuable intermediates for the technical preparation of 24,25(or 25,26)-dihydroxycholecalciferol.

In German patent application having publication no. 2,453,648 B2, cholest- 5α -an- 3β ,6 α -diol; cholest- 5β -an- 3β ,6 β -diol; cholest- 5α -an-3,6-dione; cholest- 5α -an- 6β -ol-3-one and cholest- 5α -an- 2α -bromo- 6β -ol-3-one are mentioned as intermediates in column 6.

In German patent application having publication no. 2,415,676, cholestan-3 β ,25-diol-3 β -acetate; cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,25-triol-3 β -acetate; cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,25-triol; cholestan-5 α ,25-diol-3-one; cholest-4-en-25-ol-3-one and cholesta-4,6-dien-25-ol-3-one are mentioned as compounds III, IV, X, XI XII and XIII, respectively. It is suggested that the compounds described therein may be substantially stronger that vitamin D₃.

In German patent application having publication no. 2,546,715 A1, a process for preparing 1α ,3 β -dihydroxycholest-5-en and 1α ,3 β -dihydroxycholest-6-en is mentioned in Example 1 (compounds V and II). It is suggested that the compounds described therein are useful additives to foodstuff and can be used in vitamin compositions.

In German patent application having publication no. 2,822,486 A1, 3α ,6 α -dihydroxy-5 β -cholestan-24-one; 3α ,6 α ,24-trihydroxy-5 β -cholestan; 3-chlorocholest-5,24-dien; 3 β -hydroxycholest-5-en-24-on acetate and 3-chlorocholest-5-en-24-on are mentioned in Example 3, 4, 5a and 6c and as formula VII, respectively. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein can be used as intermediates for the preparation of desmosterin, derivatives thereof and other active vitamin D.

In German patent application having publication no. 3,241,172 A1, cholestan-25-fluoro-3β,22(S)-diol; cholestan-25-chloro-3β,22(S)-diol; cholestan-25-methyl-3β,22-diol;

cholestan-25-methyl-3β,22-diol-3-hydrogenbutandioate and cholestan-25-methyl-3β,22-diol-bis-hydrogenbutandioate are mentioned in Claims 2, 3, 5, 6 and 7, respectively. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein inhibit the activity of HMGCOA reductase and the formation of blood cholesterol.

5

10

15

20

25

30

In German patent application having publication no. 3,390,016 C2, a process for preparing 1α ,25-dihydroxy-26,26,26,27,27,27-hexafluorocholes-5-en is described. It is mentioned that this compound can easily be converted into a compound having vitamin D₃ like activity.

In Danish patent application having publication no. 123,767, a process for preparing 2β ,3 β ,14 α ,22,25-pentahydroxy- Δ ⁷-5 β -cholesten-6-one is mentioned. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein have an action on the central nervous system.

In European patent application having publication no. 15,122 B1, 25-hydroxy-3 β -[(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy]cholest-5-en-24-on; 3 β -[(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy]cholest-5-en-24-on; 25-hydroxy-24-oxocholesterol-3 β -acetate; 24-oxocholesterol-3 β -acetate; 25-hydroxy-24-oxocholesterol; 24,25-dihydroxycholesterol; 3 α ,6 α ,25-trihydroxy-24-oxo-5 β -cholestane; 1 α ,25-dihydroxy-24-oxocholesterol; 1 α ,24,25-trihydroxycholesterol; 3 β -hydroxy-24-oxocholesta-5,7-dien; 3 β -hydroxy-24-oxocholesta-5,7-dien; 3 β -dihydroxy-24-oxocholesta-5,7-dien and 1 α ,3 β ,25-trihydroxy-24-oxocholesta-5,7-dien are mentioned in Examples 1, 1, 4, 4, 5ii, 5(1), 6i, 7, 7(2), 8iii, 8iv, 8iv, 9iii and 9iv, respectively. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein are useful intermediates convertible into active vitamin D₃.

In European patent application having publication no. 63,678 B1, (24R)-3 β ,24,25-trihydroxycholest-5-en; (24RS)-3 β ,24,25-trihydroxycholest-5-en and (24R)-1 β ,3 β ,24,25-tetrahydroxycholest-5-en are mentioned in Example 1e, 3e and 4f, respectively. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein can be used as intermediates in the preparation of vitamin D₃ derivatives.

In European patent application having publication no. 322,036 A1, 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-3 β -sulphooxy-12 α -acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien-2 α ,11 β -diol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-3 β -sulphooxy-12 α -acetoxycholest-8-en-2 α ,11 β -diol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-12 α -acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien-2 α ,3 β ,11 β -triol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-12 α -acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien-3 β ,11 β -diol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-12 α -acetoxycholest-8-en-2 α ,3 β ,11 β -triol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-12 α -acetoxycholest-8-en-3 β ,11 β -diol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-3 β -sulphooxycholesta-8,14-dien-2 α ,11 β ,12 α -triol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylenecholesta-8,14-dien-2 α ,11 β ,12 α -triol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylenecholesta-8,14-dien-

WO 98/28323 PCT/DK97/00**58**4

 $2\alpha,3\beta,11\beta,12\alpha$ -tetraol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene- 3β -sulphooxy- 12α -acetoxycholest-8-en-2-ol-11-one and mono(4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene- 12α -acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien- $2\alpha,11\beta$ -diol)- 3β -succinate are described in Tables I (1+2), II (5-9) and III (11-14). It is mentioned that the compounds described therein are anti-inflammatory.

In European patent application having publication no. 349,869 A2, 1α ,3 β -dihydroxycholest-5-ene and 1α ,3 β ,24-trihydroxycholest-5-ene are mentioned in Example 1 and 2, respectively. It is mentioned that the latter compound is useful for the production of 1α ,24-dihydroxy-vitamin D_3 .

5

10

15

20

25

30

In British patent application having publication no. 2,089,810 A, cholesta-5,7-diene- 3β ,23(R),25-triol and cholesta-5,7-diene- 3β ,23(S),25-triol are mentioned in Example 1. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein should find application as a substitute for 25-hydroxy vitamin D₃ in various therapeutic applications.

In Norwegian patent application having publication no. 144,264, 1α ,3 β -dihydroxy-cholest-5-en and 1α ,3 β ,25-trihydroxycholest-5-en are mentioned in Example 1 and 3, respectively. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein can be used within the veterinary field.

In Swedish patent application having publication no. 314,978, a process wherein Δ^7 -cholesten-2 β ,3 β -diol-6-one is used as starting material (for the preparation of Δ^7 -koprosten-2 β ,3 β ,14 α -triol-6-one) is describes in Example 3. The latter compound is active against insecticide metamorfose hormones.

In Swedish patent application having publication no. 330,883, 2β ,3 β ,14 α ,22(R),25-pentahydroxy- Δ^7 -5 β -cholesten-6-one are mentioned in Example 4 and 5, respectively. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein have valuable pharmacological properties, however, no one is specified.

In Swedish patent application having publication no. 430,508, cholest-5-en- 3β ,22(R,S),25-triol; cholest-5-en-25-fluoro-3 β ,22(R,S)-diol; cholest-5-en-25-fluoro-22(R,S)-ol-3 β -semisuccinate; cholest-5-en-25-chloro-3 β ,22-diol and cholest-5-en-25-chloro-22-ol-3 β -hemisuccinate are mentioned in Example 5, 8, 9, 11 and 12, respectively. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein have pharmaceutical activities, e.g., inhibit (HMG-CoA) reductase.

In U.S. patent specification no. 3,931,403, 3α , 7α , 12α ,24,25-pentahydroxy coprostane; 3α , 7α , 12α ,25-tetrahydroxy coprostane; 3α , 7α ,25-tetrahydroxy coprostane; 3α , 7α ,12 α ,24 α ,25-tetrahydroxy coprostane; 5β -cholestane- 3α , 7α ,12 α ,24 α ,25-pentol; 5β -cholestane- 3α ,7 α ,12 α ,24 β ,25-pentol; 5β -cholestane- 3α ,7 α ,12 α ,25,26-pentol and 5β -cholestane- 3α ,7 α ,12 α ,

25-tetrol are mentioned in Example I and II. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein can be used to prepare a composition possessing antimicrobial, antibiotic and bacteriostatic properties.

In U.S. patent specification no. 4,011,250, 1α ,2 α ,3 β -trihydroxycholesta-5,7-diene and 1α ,2 α -dihydroxy-3 β -acetoxycholesta-5-ene are described as intermediates in Example 1 and 3, respectively.

In U.S. patent specification no. 4,254,045, cholest-5-en-2 β -fluoro-1 α ,3 β -diol is mentioned as compound 3. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein have vitamin D-like activity.

In U.S. patent specification no. 4,329,295, the preparation of 24-cyclopropylchol-5-ene-3 β ,22(S)-diol-3-acatate, 24-cyclopropylchol-5-ene-3 β ,22(S)-diol 3 hydrogen butanedioate and 24-cyclopropyl-5 α -cholane-3 β ,22(S)-diol is described in Examples 3-6, respectively. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein inhibit the activity of HMG Co A reductase.

In U.S. patent specification no. 4,670,190, cholesta-1,4,6-trien-3-one; 1α ,3 β -di-hydroxycholest-5-ene; 1α ,3 β -dihydroxy-5 α -cholestane; 1α ,3 β -dihydroxycholesta-5,7-diene; 1α ,3 β -25-trihydroxycholest-5-ene; 1α ,25-dihydroxycholesterol; and 1α ,25-dihydroxycholesterol-3-benzoate are described in Examples 1a, 1c, 2b', 3c, 4c, 9b and 9 c, respectively. It is mentioned that the compounds described therein have therapeutic applications.

Other known compounds are cholest-5-en-3 β ,20(S)-diol (Sigma, St. Louis, Mo, USA, Cat. No. H 6378), cholest-5-en-3 β ,22(S)-diol, (Sigma, St. Louis, Mo, USA, Cat. No. H 5884), cholest-5-en-3 β ,4 β -diol (Steraloid Inc., Wilton, NH, USA, Cat. No. C 6410, Batch L 1066), cholest-5-en-3 β ,22(R)-diol (Sigma, St. Louis, Mo, USA, Cat. No. H 9384) and 2 β ,3 β ,14 α ,22(R),25-pentahydroxycholest-7-en-6-one.

In none of the above publication is there any mentioning of the compounds being able to regulate meiosis. The content of the above publications is incorporated by reference.

Meiosis is the unique and ultimate event of germ cells on which sexual reproduction is based. Meiosis comprises two meiotic divisions. During the first division, exchange between maternal and paternal genes take place before the pairs of chromosomes are separated into the two daughter cells. These contain only half the number (1n) of chromosomes and 2c DNA. The second meiotic division proceeds without a DNA synthesis. This division therefore results in the formation of the haploid germ cells with only 1c DNA.

10

5

15

20

25

30

The meiotic events are similar in the male and female germ cells, but the time schedule and the differentiation processes which lead to ova and to spermatozoa differ profoundly. All female germ cells enter the prophase of the first meiotic division early in life, often before birth, but all are arrested as oocytes later in the prophase (dictyate state) until ovulation after puberty. Thus, from early life the female has a stock of oocytes which is drawn upon until the stock is exhausted. Meiosis in females is not completed until after fertilization, and results in only one ovum and two abortive polar bodies per germ cell. In contrast, only some of the male germ cells enter meiosis from puberty and leave a stem population of germ cells throughout life. Once initiated, meiosis in the male cell proceeds without significant delay and produces 4 spermatozoa.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Only little is known about the mechanisms which control the initiation of meiosis in the male and in the female. In the oocyte, new studies indicate that follicular purines, hypoxanthine or adenosine, could be responsible for meiotic arrest (Downs, S.M. et al. Dev Biol 82 (1985) 454-458; Eppig, J.J. et al. Dev Biol 119 (1986) 313-321; and Downs, S.M. Mol Reprod Dev 35 (1993) 82-94). The presence of a diffusible meiosis regulating substance was first described by Byskov et al. in a culture system of fetal mouse gonads (Byskov, A.G. et al. Dev Biol 52 (1976) 193-200). A meiosis activating substance (MAS) was secreted by the fetal mouse ovary in which meiosis was ongoing, and a meiosis preventing substance (MPS) was released from the morphologically differentiated testis with resting, non-meiotic germ cells. It was suggested that the relative concentrations of MAS and MPS regulated the beginning, arrest and resumption of meiosis in the male and in the female germ cells (Byskov, A.G. et al. in The Physiology of Reproduction (eds. Knobil, E. and Neill, J.D., Raven Press, New York (1994)). Clearly, if meiosis can be regulated, reproduction can be controlled. A recent article (Byskov, A.G. et al. Nature 374 (1995), 559-562) describes the isolation from bull testes and from human follicular fluid of certain sterols that activate oocyte meiosis. Unfortunately, these sterols are rather labile and utilization of the interesting finding would thus be greatly facilitated if more stable meiosis activating compounds were available.

Compounds being known to stimulate the meiosis and being different from the compounds claimed in the present patent application are described in WO 96/27658.

The compounds described herein have advantages compared with the known compounds.

WO 98/28323 PCT/DK97/00584

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is a purpose of the present invention to provide compounds and methods useful for relieving infertility in females and males, particularly in mammals, more particularly in humans.

It is a further purpose of the present invention to provide compounds and methods useful as contraceptives in females and males, particularly in mammals, more particularly in humans.

According to the present invention there are provided novel compounds with interesting pharmacological properties. In particular, the compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are useful for regulating the meiosis in oocytes and in male germ cells.

In one aspect, the present invention relates to compounds of the general formula la stated in Claim 1 below.

In another embodiment, the invention relates to esters of compound of the general formula Ia. Such esters are formally derived by esterification of one or more hydroxylic groups of a compound of formula Ia with an acid which can for example be selected from the group of acids comprising succinic acid and other aliphatic dicarboxylic acids, nicotinic acid, isonicotinic acid, ethylcarbonic acid, phosphoric acid, sulphonic acid, sulphamic acid, benzoic acid, acetic acid, propionic acid and other aliphatic monocarboxylic acids.

In still another preferred embodiment, the present invention relates to compounds of the general formula lb and esters thereof as a medicament.

In a further preferred embodiment, this invention relates to compounds of the general formula Ic or esters thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the regulation of meiosis.

In a further preferred aspect, the present invention relates to the use of a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof as a medicament, in particular as a medicament for use in the regulation of meiosis. The compound may be used neat or in the form of a liquid or solid composition containing auxiliary ingredients conventionally used in the art.

In the present context, the expression "regulating the meiosis" is used to indicate that certain of the compounds of the invention can be used for stimulating the meiosis *in vitro*, *in vivo*, or *ex vivo*. Thus, the compounds which may be agonists of a naturally occurring meiosis activating substance, can be used in the treatment of infertility which is due to insufficient stimulation of meiosis in females and in males. Other compounds of the invention, which may



5

10

15

20

25

30



WO 98/28323 PCT/DK97/00584

be antagonists of a naturally occurring meiosis activating substance, can be used for regulating the meiosis, preferably *in vivo*, in a way which makes them suited as contraceptives. In this case the "regulation" means partial or total inhibition.

In a still further preferred aspect, the present invention relates to the use of a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof in the regulation of the meiosis of an oocyte, in particular a mammalian oocyte, more particularly a human oocyte.

In a still further preferred aspect, the present invention relates to the use of a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof in the stimulation of the meiosis of an oocyte, in particular a mammalian oocyte, more particularly a human oocyte.

5

10

15

20

25

30

In a still further preferred aspect, the present invention relates to the use of a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof in the inhibition of the meiosis of an oocyte, in particular a mammalian oocyte, more particularly a human oocyte.

In a still further preferred aspect, the present invention relates to the use of a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof in the regulation of the meiosis of a male germ cell, in particular a mammalian male germ cell, more particularly a human male germ cell.

In a still further preferred aspect, the present invention relates to the use of a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof in the stimulation of the meiosis of a male germ cell, in particular a mammalian male germ cell, more particularly a human male germ cell.

In a still further preferred aspect, the present invention relates to the use of a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof in the inhibition of the meiosis of a male germ cell, in particular a mammalian male germ cell, more particularly a human male germ cell.

In a yet still further preferred aspect, the present invention relates to a method of regulating the meiosis in a mammalian germ cell which method comprises administering an effective amount of a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof to a germ cell in need of such a treatment.

In a still further aspect, the present invention relates to a method of regulating the meiosis in a mammalian germ cell wherein a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof is administered to the germ cell by administering the compound to a mammal hosting said cell.

In a still further aspect, the present invention relates to a method wherein the germ cell the meiosis of which is to be regulated by means of a compound of formula ic above or an ester thereof is an oocyte.

In a still further aspect, the present invention relates to a method of regulating the meiosis in an oocyte wherein a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof is administered to the oocyte *ex vivo*.

In a still further aspect, the present invention relates to a method of regulating the meiosis of a male germ cell by administering a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof to the cell.

In a still further aspect, the present invention relates to a method whereby mature male germ cells are produced by administering *in vivo* or *in vitro* a compound of formula Ic above or an ester thereof to testicular tissue containing immature cells.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

10

15

5

Preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R1 and R2 are both hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein one of R^1 and R^2 is hydrogen while the other is methyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹ and R² are both methyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^1 is branched or unbranched C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy or cyano.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^2 is branched or unbranched C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy or cyano.

20

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^1 is hydroxy and R^2 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen and branched or unbranched C_1 - C_6 alkyl which may be substituted by halogen, hydroxy or cyano.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^2 is hydroxy and R^1 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen and branched or unbranched C_1 - C_6 alkyl which may be substituted by halogen, hydroxy or cyano.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹ and R² together designate methylene.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom to which they are bound, form a cyclopropane ring.

30

25

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R^1 and R^2 , together with the carbon atom to which they are bound, form a cyclopentane ring.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom to which they are bound, form a cyclohexane ring.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R3 is hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³ is methylene.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³ is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³ is methoxy or acetoxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^3 is halogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^3 is oxo. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^3 is =NOH. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^3 is =NOR²⁶, wherein R^{26} is C_1 - C_3 alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^3 is hydroxy and C_1 - C_4 alkyl bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³, together with R³, designates an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R³ and R⁵ are placed.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R³, together with

R¹⁴, designates an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R³ and R¹⁴ are placed.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁴ is hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁴ is methylene.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁴ is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁴ is halogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^4 is methoxy or acetoxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^4 is oxo. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^4 is =NOH. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^4 is =NOR²⁷, wherein R^{27} is C_1 - C_3 alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R^4 is hydroxy and C_1 - C_4 alkyl bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^4 , together with R^{13} , designates an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^4 and R^{13} are placed.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁴, together with R¹⁵, designates an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁴ and R¹⁵ are placed. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁵ is hydrogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁵ is halogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁵ is C₁-C₄ alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^5 is methylene. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^5 is hydroxy. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^5 is methoxy. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^5 is oxo. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^5 is =NOH. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^5 is =NOR²², wherein R^{22} is C_1 - C_3 alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁵, together with R⁶, designates an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁵ and R⁶ are placed.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁶ is hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁶ is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁶, together with R¹⁴, designates an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁶ and R¹⁴ are placed.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁹ is hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁹ is halogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R⁹ is oxo.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R⁹ is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R9, together with

R¹⁰, designates an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁹ and R¹⁰ are placed.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹⁰ is hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R¹⁰ is halogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹⁰ is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R¹¹ is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹¹ is alkoxy, aralkyloxy, alkoxyalkoxy or alkanoyloxyalkyl, each group comprising a total of up to 10 carbon atoms, preferably up to 8 carbon atoms.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{11} is C_1 - C_4 alkoxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹¹ is methoxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹¹ is ethoxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹¹ is

CH₃OCH₂O-.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹¹ is pivaloyloxymethoxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R11 is an acyloxy group derived from an acid having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R11 is an acyloxy group selected from the group comprising acetoxy, benzoyloxy, pivaloyloxy, butyryloxy, nicotinoyloxy, isonicotinoyloxy, hemi succinoyloxy, hemi glutaroyloxy, butylcarbamoyloxy, phenylcarbamoyloxy, butoxycarbonyloxy, tert-butoxycarbonyloxy and ethoxycarbonyloxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R11 is sulphonyloxy.

5

10

15

20

25

30

alkyl.

placed.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R11 is phosphonyloxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R11 is oxo. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹¹ is =NOH. Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R¹¹ is =NOR²⁸, wherein R²⁸ is C₁-C₃ alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R11 is halogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R11 is hydroxy and C_1 - C_4 alkyl bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R11, together with R^{12} , designates an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^{11} and R^{12} are placed.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R12 is hydrogen. Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R12 is hydroxy. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{12} is C_1 - C_3

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{12} is C_1 - C_3 alkoxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R12 is halogen. Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R13 is hydrogen. Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R13 is halogen. Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R13 is hydroxy. Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R13, together with R¹⁴, designates an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹³ and R¹⁴ are

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R14 is hydrogen.

10

15

20

25

30

alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{14} is halogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{14} is hydroxy. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{15} is hydrogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{15} is halogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{15} is C_1 - C_4

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{15} is methylene.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹⁵ is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹⁵ is methoxy or acetoxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{15} is oxo. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{15} is =NOH. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{15} is =NOR²³, wherein R^{23} is C_1 - C_3 alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹⁶ is hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹⁶ is halogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹⁶ is C₁-C₃ alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹⁶ is methylene.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{16} is hydroxy. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{16} is methoxy. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{16} is oxo. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{16} is =NOH. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{16} is =NOR²⁴, wherein R^{24} is C_1 - C_3 alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R¹⁶ together with R¹⁷, designates an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹⁶ and R¹⁷ are placed.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R¹⁷ is hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R¹⁷ is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ are both hydrogen.

WO 98/28323 PCT/DK97/00584

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein one of R^{18} and R^{19} is hydrogen while the other is halogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein one of R^{18} and R^{19} is hydrogen while the other is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein one of R^{18} and R^{19} is hydrogen while the other is methoxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein one of R^{18} and R^{19} is fluoro and the other is hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{18} and R^{19} together designate oxo.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{25} is hydroxymethyl.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{25} is $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{25} together with R^{31} designates methylene.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R^{25} together with R^{31} designates oxo.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R²⁹ is hydrogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R²⁹ is halogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R²⁹ is methyl. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R²⁹ is hydroxy Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R²⁹ is oxo. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³⁰ is hydrogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³⁰ is halogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³⁰ is methyl. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³¹ is hydroxy. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³¹ is hydrogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³¹ is halogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³¹ is halogen. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³¹ is methyl. Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³¹ is hydroxy

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein R³¹ is hydroxy Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R⁷ is hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^7 is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R⁷ is halogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^7 , together with R^8 , designates an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^7 and R^8 are placed.

Other preferred compounds of formula la, lb and lc are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^a is hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^a is C_1 - C_4 alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R⁸ is methylene.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R⁸ is oxo.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R⁸ is cyano.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^{θ} is halogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R⁸ is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^{20} is C_1 - C_4 alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R²⁰ is trifluoromethyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^{20} is C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^{21} is C_1 - C_4 alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^{21} is C_1 - C_4 hydroxyalkyl.



5

10

15

20

25

30



WO 98/28323 PCT/DK97/00584

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^{21} is C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl containing up to three halogen atoms.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and \mathbb{R}^{21} is methoxymethyl or acetoxymethyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^{21} is C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a carbon atom, and R^{20} and R^{21} , together with the carbon atom to which they are bound, form a C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl ring, preferably a cyclopropyl ring, a cyclopentyl ring or a cyclohexyl ring.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a nitrogen atom.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a nitrogen atom, and $\mathsf{R}^\mathtt{8}$ is hydrogen.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a nitrogen atom, and R⁸ is hydroxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a nitrogen atom, and R^8 is $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein A is a nitrogen atom, and $\mathsf{R}^\mathtt{a}$ is oxo.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, ib and Ic are such wherein A is a nitrogen atom, and R^{20} and R^{21} , independently, are selected from the group comprising C_1 - C_4 alkyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula Ia, Ib and Ic are such wherein the long side chain in the 17 position is in the β position.

It is to be understood that the above preferred substituents can be combined in any way with each other.

Further preferred embodiments are mentioned in the appended claims.

As used in the present description and claims, the expression C_1 - C_3 alkyl designates an alkyl group having from one to three carbon atoms; preferred examples are methyl, ethyl and propyl, more preferred methyl and ethyl. Similarly, the expression C_1 - C_4 alkyl designates an alkyl group having from one to four carbon atoms; preferred examples are methyl, ethyl, propyl,

isopropyl and butyl, more preferred methyl and ethyl. The expression C₁-C₆ alkyl designates an alkyl group having from one to six carbon atoms; preferred examples are methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, *tert*-butyl, pentyl and hexyl, more preferred methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl and *tert*-butyl, still more preferred methyl and ethyl.

As used in the present description and claims, the expression C_1 - C_3 alkoxy designates an alkoxy group having from one to three carbon atoms; preferred examples are methoxy, ethoxy and propoxy, more preferred methoxy and ethoxy.

As used in the present description and claims, the expression halogen preferably designates fluoro and chloro, more preferred fluoro.

As used in the present description and claims, the expression C₁-C₄ alkandiyl designates branched or unbranched alkane from which two hydrogen atoms have been removed. Looking at formula I, one can see that in these alkandiyl moieties the two free bonds are bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton. General terms for alkandiyl are believed to be alkylidene and alkylene. Examples of preferred alkandiyl moities are methylene, ethene, propylene, propylidene, isopropylidene, sec.butylidene and 1,4-butylene.

As used in the present description and claims, the expression C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl designates a cycloalkyl group containing 3-6 carbon atoms in the ring. Preferred examples are cyclopropyl and cyclopentyl.

As used in the present description and claims, the expression acyloxy designates a monovalent substituent comprising an optionally substituted C₁₋₈-alkyl or phenyl group linked through a carbonyloxy group; such as e.g. acetoxy, propionyloxy, butyryloxy, isobutyryloxy, pivaloyloxy, valeryloxy, benzoyl and the like.

The compounds of claim 1 have a number of chiral centres in the molecule and thus exists in several isomeric forms. All these isomeric forms and mixtures thereof are within the scope of the invention.

The compounds of the general formula I can be prepared analogously with the preparation of known compounds. Hence, synthesis of the compounds of formula I can followed the well established synthetic pathways described in the comprehensive sterol and steroid literature. The following books can be used as the key source in the synthesis: L.F. Fieser & M. Fieser: Steroids: Reinhold Publishing Corporation, NY 1959; Rood's Chemistry of Carbon Compounds (editor: S. Coffrey): Elsevier Publishing Company, 1971; and especially Dictionary of Steriods (editors: R.A. Hill; D.N. Kirk; H.L.J. Makin and G.M. Murphy): Chapmann & Hall. The last one



5

10

20

25

30

15



WO 98/28323 PCT/DK97/00584

contains an extensive list of citations to the original papers covering the period up to 1990. All these books including the last mentioned citations are incorporated by reference.

The compounds of the present invention will influence the meiosis in oocytes as well as in male germ cells.

5

10

15

20

25

30

The existence of a meiosis inducing substance in nature has been known for some time. However, until recently the identity of the meiosis inducing substance or substances was unknown.

The prospects of being able to influence the meiosis are several. According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, a compound of claim 1 or an ester thereof can be used to stimulate the meiosis. According to another preferred embodiment of the present invention, a compound of claim 1 or an ester thereof can be used to stimulate the meiosis in humans. Thus, the compounds of claim 1 and esters thereof are promising as new fertility regulating agents without the usual side effect on the somatic cells which are known from the hitherto used hormonal contraceptives which are based on estrogens and/or gestagens.

For use as a contraceptive agent in females, a meiosis inducing substance can be administered so as to prematurely induce resumption of meiosis in oocytes while they are still in the growing follicle, before the ovulatory peak of gonadotropins occurs. In women, the resumption of the meiosis can, for example, be induced a week after the preceding menstruation has ceased. When ovulated, the resulting overmature oocytes are then most likely not to be fertilized. The normal menstrual cycle is not likely to be affected. In this connection it is important to notice, that the biosynthesis of progesterone in cultured human granulosa cells (somatic cells of the follicle) is not affected by the presence of a meiosis inducing substance whereas the estrogens and gestagens used in the hitherto used hormonal contraceptives do have an adverse effect on the biosynthesis of progesterone.

According to another aspect of this invention, a meiosis inducing substance of claim 1 or an ester thereof can be used in the treatment of certain cases of infertility in females, including women, by administration thereof to females who, due to an insufficient own production of meiosis activating substance, are unable to produce mature oocytes. Also, when in vitro fertilization is performed, better results can be achieved, when a compound of claim 1 or an ester thereof is added to the medium in which the oocytes are kept.

When infertility in males, including men, is caused by an insufficient own production of the meiosis activating substance and thus a lack of mature sperm cells, administration of a compound of claim 1 or an ester thereof may relieve the problem.

WO 98/28323 PCT/DK97/00584

As an alternative to the method described above, contraception in females can also be achieved by administration of a compound of claim 1 or an ester thereof which inhibits the meiosis, so that no mature oocytes are produced. Similarly, contraception in males can be achieved by administration of a compound of claim 1 or an ester thereof which inhibits the meiosis, so that no mature sperm cells are produced.

5

10

15

20

25

30

The route of administration of compositions containing a compound of claim 1 or an ester thereof may be any route which effectively transports the active compound to its site of action.

Thus, when the compounds of this invention are to be administered to a mammal, they are conveniently provided in the form of a pharmaceutical composition which comprises at least one compound of claim 1 or an ester thereof in connection with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. For oral use, such compositions are preferably in the form of capsules or tablets.

From the above it will be understood that administrative regimen called for will depend on the condition to be treated. Thus, when used in the treatment of infertility the administration may have to take place once only, or for a limited period, e.g. until pregnancy is achieved. When used as a contraceptive, the compound of claim 1 or an ester thereof will either have to be administered continuously or cyclically. When used as a contraceptive by females and not taken continuously, the timing of the administration relative to the ovulation will be important.

Examples of preferred compounds according to the invention are given below:

cholesta-5-en-3 α ,1 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,1 α -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,2 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,2 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,4 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,4 α -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,7 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,7 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,11 α -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,12 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,12 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,12 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,15 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,16 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,10 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,17 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,10 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,26-diol; cholesta-5-en-3 α ,2 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,3 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3

cholesta-5-en-3 β ,12 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,12 α -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,15 β -diol; cholesta-5en-3 β ,15 α -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,16 β -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,16 α -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,17 β diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,17 α -diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,(20R)-diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,(20S)-diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β , 21-diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,(22S)-diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,(23R)-diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β 5-en-3 β ,(23S)-diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,(24R)-diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β ,(24S)-diol; cholesta-5-en-3 β 5 3β ,25-diol; (25S)-cholesta-5-en-3 β ,26-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,1 β -diol; cholesta-5,24dien- 3α , 1α -diol; cholesta-5, 24-dien- 3α , 2β -diol; cholesta-5, 24-dien- 3α , 2α -diol; cholesta-5, 24dien-3 α ,4 β -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,4 α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,7 β -diol; cholesta-5,24dien- 3α , 7α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α , 11β -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α , 11α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,12 β -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,12 α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,15 β -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α -diol; cholesta-6,24-dien-3 α -diol; cholesta 10 lesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,15 α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,16 β -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,16 α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,17 β -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,17 α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α ,(20R)-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α ,(20S)-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α , 21-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α ,(22R)-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α ,(22S)-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α ,(23R)-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,(23S)-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,26-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,1 β -15 diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,1 α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,2 β -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,2 α diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,4 β -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,4 α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,7 β diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,7 α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,11 β -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien- 3β ,11 α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,12 β -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,12 α -diol; cholesta-5,24dien-3 β ,15 β -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,15 α -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,16 β -diol; cholesta-20 5,24-dien- $3\beta,16\alpha$ -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien- $3\beta,17\beta$ -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien- $3\beta,17\alpha$ -diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,(20R)-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,(20S)-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β , 21-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,(22R)-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,(22S)-diol; cholesta-5,24dien-3 β ,(23R)-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,(23S)-diol; cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,26-diol; 4,4-25 dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,1 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,1 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,2 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,2 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en- 3α , 7β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en- 3α , 7α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en- 3α , 11β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,11 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,12 β -diol; dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,12 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,15 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,15 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,16 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-30 en-3 α ,16 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,17 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,17 α diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,(20R)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 α ,(20S)-diol;

4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3α,21-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3α,(22R)-diol; 4,4dimethylcholesta-5-en-3α,(22S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3α,(23R)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3\alpha,(23S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3\alpha,(24R)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3α,(24S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3α,25-diol; (25R)-4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3α,26-diol; (25S)-4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3α,26-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3β,1βdiol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3β,1α-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3β,2β-diol; 4,4dimethylcholesta-5-en-3β,2α-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3β,7β-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 β ,7 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 β ,11 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en- 3β , 11α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en- 3β , 12β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en- 3β , 12α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 β ,15 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 β ,15 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 β ,16 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 β ,16 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5en-3 β ,17 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 β ,17 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3 β ,(20R)diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3\(\beta\),(20S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3\(\beta\),21-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3\(\beta\),(22R)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3\(\beta\),(22S)-diol; 4.4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3\(\beta\),(23R)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3\(\beta\),(23S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3ß,(24R)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3ß,(24S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3\(\beta\),25-diol; (25R)-4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3\(\beta\),26-diol; (25S)-4,4-dimethylcholesta-5-en-3β,26-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3α,1β-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien- 3α , 1α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien- 3α , 2β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien- 3α ,2 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien- 3α ,7 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,7 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,11 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,11 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,12 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,12 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,15 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,15 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,16 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,16 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,17 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,17 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,(20R)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α , (20S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 α , 21-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3م,(22R)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3م,(22S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3α,(23R)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3α,(23S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3α,26-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3β,1β-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3β,1α-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3β,2β-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3β,2α-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3β,7β-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3β,7α-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3β,11β-diol;



5

10

15

20

25

30

4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,11 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,12 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,12 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,15 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,15 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,16 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,16 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,17 β -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,17 α -diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,(20R)-diol; 5 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,(20S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,21-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3β,(22R)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3β,(22S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3β,(23R)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3β,(23S)-diol; 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,26-diol; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,7 β -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,7 α -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,11 β -10 diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,11 α -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,12 β -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,12 α -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; Spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,15 β -diol-4,1 $^{\prime}$ -cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,15 α -diol-4,1 $^{\prime}$ cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,16 β -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en- $3\alpha,16\alpha$ -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,17 β -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; 15 spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,17 α -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,(20R)-diol-4,1'cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,(20S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α , 21-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,(22R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spi $ro[cholesta-5-en-3\alpha,(22S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; \ spiro[cholesta-5-en-3\alpha,(23R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; \ spiro[cholesta-5-en-3\alpha,(23R)-di$ cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,(23S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-20 3α ,(24R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α ,(24S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 α , 25-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(25R)-cholesta-5-en-3 α , 26-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; 4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(25S)-cholesta-5-en-3 α , 26-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β ,7 β -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β ,7 α -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β ,11 β -diol-4,1 $^{\prime}$ -cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β ,11 α -diol-4,1 $^{\prime}$ -25 cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β ,12 β -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β ,12 α -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β ,15 β -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β ,15 α -diol-4,1 $^{\prime}$ -cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β ,16 β -diol-4,1 $^{\prime}$ cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β ,16 α -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-30 3β , 17β -diol-4, 1´-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β , 17α -diol-4, 1´-cyclopropane]; spi $ro[cholesta-5-en-3\beta,(20R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; \ spiro[cholesta-5-en-3\beta,(20S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; \ spiro[cholesta-5-en-3]; \ spiro[cholesta-5$ cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3β,21-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en- 3β ,(22R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3 β ,(22S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane];

10

15

20

25

30

spiro[cholesta-5-en-3β,(23R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3β,(23S)-diol-4,1'cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3β,(24R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3β,(24S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5-en-3β,25-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(25R)-cholesta-5-en-3β,26-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(25S)-cholesta-5-en-3β,26-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3α,7β-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,7 α -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α ,11 β -diol-4.1'cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3α,11α-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24dien- 3α , 12β -diol-4, 1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5, 24-dien- 3α , 12α -diol-4. 1'cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3α,15β-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24dien- 3α , 15α -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α , 16β -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3α,16α-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α , 17 β -diol-4, 1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5, 24-dien-3 α , 17 α -diol-4, 1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3\alpha,(20R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α ,(20S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3 α , 21-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3\alpha,(22R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien- 3α ,(22S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3\alpha,(23R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3α,(23S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3α, 26diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3β,7β-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,7 α -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,11 β -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,11 α -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,12 β -diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β ,12 α -diol-4,1'cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3β,15β-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24dien-3β,15α-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3β,16β-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3β,16α-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien- 3β , 17β -diol-4, 1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3 β , 17α -diol-4, 1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3ß,(20R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3β,(20S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3β,21-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3ß,(22R)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3\(3\),(22\)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3\(3\),(23\)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3\beta,(23S)-diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholesta-5,24-dien-3\beta,26diol-4,1'-cyclopropane]; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-1-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-2-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-7-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-11-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-12-one; 3α-hydroxycholesta-5-en-15-one; 3α-hydroxycholesta-5-en-16-one; 3α-

10

15

20

25

30

hydroxycholesta-5-en-22-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-23-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-23-one; 24-one; 3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-2-one; 3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-2-one; 3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-7-one; 3β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-11-one; 3β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-12-one; 3β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-16-one; 3β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-16-one; 3β -hydroxycholesta-5en-22-one; 3β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-23-one; 3β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-24-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-1-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-2-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24dien-7-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-11-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-12-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-15-one; 3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-16-one; 3α hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-22-one; 3 α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-23-one; 3 β -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-1-one; 3β -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-2-one; 3β -hydroxycholesta-5,24dien-7-one; 3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-11-one; 3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-12-one; 3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-15-one; 3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-16-one; 3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-22-one; 3 β -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-23-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 α hydroxycholesta-5-en-1-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-2-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 α $hydroxycholesta-5-en-7-one;\ 4,4-dimethyl-3\alpha-hydroxycholesta-5-en-11-one;\ 4,4-dimethyl-3\alpha-hydroxycholesta-5-en 3\alpha$ -hydroxycholesta-5-en-12-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-15-one; 4,4dimethyl- 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-16-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-22-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-23-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-24one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-1-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-2one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-7-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-11one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-12-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-15-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-16-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5en-22-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-23-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-24-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-1-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 α $hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -2 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -3\alpha - hydroxycholesta -5, 24 - dien -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethyl -7 - one; \ 4, 4 - dimethy$ 4,4-dimethyl- 3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-11-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24dien-12-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-15-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 α hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-16-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-22-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-23-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-2 dien-1-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-2-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-7-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-11-one; 4,4-dimethyl-

 3β -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-12-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3 β -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-15-one;

10

15

20

25

30

4,4-dimethyl-3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-16-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24dien-22-one; 4,4-dimethyl-3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-23-one; spiro[3α-hydroxycholesta-5-en-7-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α-hydroxycholesta-5-en-11-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-12-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-15-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-16-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α-hydroxycholesta-5-en-22-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α-hydroxycholesta-5-en-23-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α-hydroxycholesta-5-en-24-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3β-hydroxycholesta-5-en-7-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3β-hydroxycholesta-5-en-11one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3β-hydroxycholesta-5-en-12-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3βhydroxycholesta-5-en-15-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3β-hydroxycholesta-5-en-16-one-4.1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3β-hydroxycholesta-5-en-22-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3βhydroxycholesta-5-en-23-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3β-hydroxycholesta-5-en-24-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-7-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-11-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-12-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-15-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; Spiro[3α-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-16-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3α-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-22-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-7-one-4,1'cyclopropane]; spiro[3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-11-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3βhydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-12-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-15-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-16-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[3β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-22-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5-en-1.3-dione; 4.4-dimethylcholest-5-en-3,7-dione; 4.4-dimethylcholest-5-en-3,11-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5-en-3,12-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5-en-3,15-dione; 4,4dimethylcholest-5-en-3,16-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5-en-3,22-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5-en-3,23-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5-en-3,24-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5,24-dien-1,3dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5,24-dien-3,7-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5,24-dien-3,11-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5,24-dien-3,15-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5,24-dien-3,15-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5,24-dien-3,16-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5,24-dien-3,22-dione; 4,4-dimethylcholest-5,24-dien-3,23-dione; spiro[cholest-5-en-3,7-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5-en-3,11-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5-en-3,12-dione-4,1'cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5-en-3,15-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5-en-3,16dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5-en-3,22-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5en-3,23-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5-en-3,24-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane];

spiro[cholest-5,24-dien-3,7-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5,24-dien-3,11-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5,24-dien-3,2-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5,24dien-3,15-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5-,24-dien-3,16-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; Spiro[cholest-5,24-dien-3,22-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[cholest-5,24-dien-3,23-dione-4,1'-cyclopropane]; 4,4-dimethyl-1 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-1 α -hydroxy-5 cholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 2β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 2α $hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7\beta-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7\alpha-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7-en-3-one;~4,4-dimethyl-7-en-3-one;~4,4-di$ hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-11ß-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 11α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-12ß-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4dimethyl- 12α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 15β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 10 4,4-dimethyl-15 α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-16 β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-3one; 4,4-dimethyl- 16α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 17β -hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-17 α -hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(20R)-hydroxycholesta-5en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(20S)-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-21-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(22R)-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(22S)-hydroxy-15 cholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(23R)-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(23S)hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(24R)-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(24S)-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-25-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4dimethyl-(25R)-26-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(25S)-26-hydroxycholesta-5en-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-1 β -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-1 α -20 hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-2ß-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 2α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 7β -hydroxycholesta-5,24dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-7 α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-11 β hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-11 α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-12β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-12α-hydroxycholesta-5,24-25 dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-15ß-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-15 α hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-16ß-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 16α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl- 17β -hydroxycholesta-5,24dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-17 α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(20R)hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(20S)-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 30 4,4-dimethyl-21-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(22R)-hydroxycholesta-5,24dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(22S)-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(23R)hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; 4,4-dimethyl-(23S)-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one;

10

15

20

25

30

4,4-dimethyl-26-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one; spiro[7β-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spin [7α-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[11ßhydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[11α-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'cyclopropane]; spiro[12β-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spird[12αhydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[15ß-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'cyclopropane]; spiro[15a-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[16ßhydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[16α-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'cyclopropane]; spiro[17ß-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spirof17αhydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(20R)-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(20S)-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[21hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(22R)-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(22S)-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(23R)hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(23S)-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(24R)-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(24S)hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[25-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'cyclopropane]; spiro[(25R)-26-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(25S)-26-hydroxycholesta-5-en-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[7β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[7α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[11β-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[11α-hydroxycholesta-5.24-dien-3-one-4.1'-cyclopropanel; spiro[12ß-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'cyclopropane]; spiro[12α-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[15ßhydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[15α-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[16ß-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[16α -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[17β -hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[17α-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'cyclopropane]; spiro[(20R)-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(20S)hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[21-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(22R)-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(22S)-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(23R)-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; spiro[(23S)-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane]; and spiro[26-hydroxycholesta-5,24-dien-3-one-4,1'-cyclopropane].

15

20

25

30

Pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound of claim 1 or an ester thereof may further comprise carriers, diluents, absorption enhancers, preservatives, buffers, agents for adjusting the osmotic pressure, tablet disintegrating agents and other ingredients which are conventionally used in the art. Examples of solid carriers are magnesium carbonate, magnesium stearate, dextrin, lactose, sugar, talc, gelatin, pectin, tragacanth, methyl cellulose, sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, low melting waxes and cocoa butter.

Liquid compositions include sterile solutions, suspensions and emulsions. Such liquid compositions may be suitable for injection or for use in connection with *ex vivo* and *in vitro* fertilization. The liquid compositions may contain other ingredients which are conventionally used in the art, some of which are mentioned in the list above.

Further, a composition for transdermal administration of a compound of this invention may be provided in the form of a patch and a composition for nasal administration may be provided in the form of a nasal spray in liquid or powder form.

The dose of a compound of the invention to be used will be determined by a physician and will depend, *inter alia*, on the particular compound employed, on the route of administration and on the purpose of the use.

The compounds of claim 1 and esters thereof can be synthesized by methods known per se.

The present invention is further illustrated by the following examples which, however, are not to be construed as limiting the scope of protection. The features disclosed in the foregoing description and in the following examples may, in any combination thereof, be material for realising the invention in diverse forms thereof.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

Testing of cholest-5-en-3 β ,4 β -diol as meiosis activating substance in the oocyte test.

Animals

Oocytes were obtained from immature female mice (C57Bl/6J \times DBA/2J F1-hybrids, Bomholtgaard, Denmark) weighing 13-16 grams, that were kept under controlled lighting and temperature. The mice received an intra-peritoneal injection of 0.2 ml gonadotropins (Gonal-

F, Serono, Solna, Sweden, containing 20 IU FSH, alternatively, Puregon, Organon, Swords, Ireland containing 20 IU FSH) and 48 hours later the animals were killed by cervical dislocation.

5 Collection and culture of oocytes

The ovaries were dissected out and the oocytes were isolated in Hx-medium (se below) under a stereo microscope by manual rupture of the follicles using a pair of 27 gauge needles. Spherical oocytes displaying an intact germinal vesicle (GV) were divided in cumulus endosed oocytes (CEO) and naked oocytes (NO) and placed in α -minimum essential medium (α -

- MEM without ribonucleosides, Gibco BRL, Cat. No. 22561) supplemented with 3 mM hypoxanthine (Sigma Cat. No. H-9377), 8 mg/ml Human Serum Albumin (HSA, State Serum Institute, Denmark), 0.23mM pyruvate (Sigma, Cat. No S-8636), 2 mM glutamine (Flow Cat. No. 16-801), 100 IU/ml penicillin and 100 μg/ml streptomycin (Flow, Cat No. 16-700). This medium was designated Hx-medium.
- The oocytes were rinsed three times in Hx-medium and oocytes of uniform size were divided into groups of CEO and NO. CEO and NO were cultured in 4-well multidishes (Nunclon, Denmark) in which each well contained 0.4 ml of Hx-medium and 35-45 oocytes. One control (i.e., 35-45 oocytes cultured in Hx-medium with no addition of test compound) was always run simultaneously with the test cultures, which were made with different concentrations of the compounds to be tested as indicated in the tables below.

The cultures were performed at 37°C and 100% humidity with 5% $\rm CO_2$ in air. The culture time was 22-24 hours.

Examination of oocytes

25 By the end of the culture period, the number of oocytes with germinal vesicle (GV) or germinal vesicle breakdown (GVB) and those with polar body (PB) was counted using a stereo microscope or an inverted microscope with differential interference contrast equipment. The percentage of oocytes with GVB per total number of oocytes and the percentage of oocytes with PB per total number of oocytes was calculated in the test cultures and compared to the control culture.

Activation of meiosis in oocytes using cholest-5-en-3β.4β-diol. Source of compound: Steraloids Inc., Wilton, NH, USA, Cat. No. C 6410, Batch No. L1066. The results are given in the table below:

WO 98/28323

30

PCT/DK97/00584

NO:

%PB	Test	
	concentration	
	μМ	
1,7	control	
17,2	7.0	
	1,7	

CEO:

%GVB	%PB	Test	
		concentration	
		μΜ	
27,0	10,8	control	
44,4	25,9	7.0	

5

15

20

As it appears from the table, cholest-5-en-3 β ,4 β -diol induces meiosis in both naked and cumulus enclosed oocyte when cultured in vitro.

EXAMPLE 2

10 Test of meiosis inhibiting substances in the oocyte test.

Germinal vesicle (GV) oocytes were obtained from immature FSH treated female mice using the same methods as described in Example 1 (see above). The oocytes were rinsed three times in Hx-medium and oocytes of uniform size were divided into groups of CEO and NO. 4,4-Dimethylcholest-8,14,24-trien-3β-ol (FF-MAS) has previously been shown to induce meiosis in CEO and NO in vitro (Byskov, A.G. et al. Nature 374 (1995) 559-562). CEO and NO were cultured in Hx-medium supplemented with 0.7-7.0 μM FF-MAS in co-culture with the test compounds in different concentrations in 4-well multidishes (Nunclon, Denmark) in which each well contained 0.4 ml of Hx-medium and 35-45 oocytes. One control (i.e., 35-45 oocytes cultured in Hx-medium containing FF-MAS with no addition of test compound) was always run simultaneously with the test cultures, which were supplemented with different concentrations of the compounds to be tested.

Test results for the inhibition of meiosis in oocytes using cholest-5-en-3 β ,(22R)-diol (in the following designated "22R") are given in the tables below:

NO:

%GVB	%PB	FF-MAS	22R	Concentration
		concentration	concentration	ratio
		μΜ	μМ	FF-MAS:22R
19.5	9.5	1.2	-	Control
4.6	0	1.2	25 .	1:20
33.0	7.8	0.7	-	Control
16.9	0	0.7	13	1:19
2.9	0	0.7	25	1:36

CEO:

%GVB	%PB	FF-MAS	22R	Concentration
		concentration	concentration	ratio
		μМ	μΜ	FF-MAS:22R
21.7	10.8	0.7	-	Control
6.9	3.4	0.7	25	1:36
39.0	18.9	7	-	Control
21	3.5	7	12.5	1:2

5

As it appears from the tables, 22R antagonises the FF-MAS induced resumption of meiosis in a dose-related manner.

10

This invention may be embodied in other forms or carried out in other ways without departing from the spirit or essential characteristics thereof. The present disclosure is therefor to be considered as in all respects illustrative and nor restrictive, the scope of the invention being indicated by the appended claims, and all changes which come within the meaning and range of equivalency are embraced therein.

15

EXAMPLE 3

4,4-Dimethylcholesta-5,8-diene-3-one

The D-8-double bond is introduced as described in the literature [J. Lip. Res. <u>37</u>, 1529, (1996)]. According to the literature procedure, cholesta-5,8-diene-3β-ol is prepared in a three step sequence. This alcohol is oxidized in a dassical Oppenauer oxidation [Helv. Chim. Acta <u>22</u>, 1178, (1939)] to give cholesta-4,8-diene-3-one. This ketone is used as a starting material for some of the following compounds.

Potassium tert-butylate (550 mg) is dissolved in 13 ml tert-Butanol at 45°C. A solution of cholesta-4,8-diene-3-one (470 mg) in 1.5 ml tetrahydrofuran is added dropwise. After 10 minutes, methyliodide (0,63 ml) is added. The reaction mixture is stirred for one hour. After aqueous work-up and column chromatography, 4,4- dimethyl-cholesta-5,8-diene-3-one (310 mg) is isolated.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.64 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.94 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 1.04 (s, 3H, H-19); 1.24 (s, 3H, 4-CH₃); 1.29 (s, 3H, 4-CH₃); 2.63 (m, 2H, H-7); 5.69 (t, J = 3 Hz, 1H, H-6). C₂₉H₄₆=, MW (Molecular Weight): 410.684.

EXAMPLE 4

5

10

15

30

4,4-Dimethylcholesta-5,8-diene-3β-ol

4,4-Dimethylcholesta-5,8-diene-3-one (100 mg) is reduced with lithiumaluminumhydride (5 mg) in 2 ml tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The solution is stirred for one hour. After aqueous work-up and column chromatography 4,4-dimethylcholesta-5,8-diene-3β-ol (60 mg) is isolated.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.63 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (s x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.94 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 1.12 (s, 3H, H-19); 1.15 (s, 3H, 4-CH₃) 1.21 (s, 3H, 4-CH₃); 2.56 (m, 2H, H-7); 3.82 (dd, J = 10 Hz J = 5 Hz, 1H H-3); 5.75 (t, J = 3 Hz, 1H, H-6). C₂₉H₄₈O, MW: 412.700.

EXAMPLE 5

Cholesta-5,8-diene-3β-yl acetate

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.64 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.87 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.94 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 1.20 (s, 3H, H-19); 2.03 (s, 3H, 3-OAc) 2.28 (m, 2H, H-4); 2.53 (m, 2H, H-7); 4.61 (m, 1H, H-3); 5.45 (m, 1H, H-6). $C_{29}H_{46}O_2$, MW: 426.683. J. Lipid Res. <u>37</u>, 1529, (1996).

PCT/DK97/00584 WO 98/28323 33

EXAMPLE 6

5β-Cholest-8-ene-3β,5β-diol

Cholesta-5,8-diene-3-on is epoxidized in analogy to a literature procedure [J. Med. Chem. 39, 5092, (1996)] to give 4α ,5-epoxy- 5α -cholest-8-en-3-on. This is reduced as described below. 5

 4α ,5-Epoxy- 5α -cholest-8-en-3-on (75 mg) is dissolved in 3 ml tetrahydrofuran. Lithiumaluminumhydride (30 mg) is added at room temperature. The reaction mixture is stirred for 15 hours. After aqueous work-up and column chromatography 5β-cholest-8-ene-3β,5β-diol (19 mg) and 5β -cholest-8-ene- 3α , 5β -diol (24 mg) are isolated.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.63 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.94 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 1.06 (s, 3H, H-19); 2.53 (broad, 1H, OH) 4.09 (m, 1H, H-3). C₂₇H₄₆O₂, MW: 402.661.

15

10

EXAMPLE 7

 5β -Cholest-8-ene- 3α , 5β -diol

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.63 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.87 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.94 (d, J = 7 20 Hz, 3H, H-21); 0.99 (s, 3H, H-19); 3.97 (m, 1H, H-3). C₂₇H₄₈O₂, MW: 402.661.

EXAMPLE 8

4,4-Dimethylcholesta-5,7,14-triene-3-one

25 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): $\delta = 0.87$ (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.94 (s, H3); 0.95 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 1.09 (s, 3H); 1.17 (s, 3H, 4-CH₃); 1.36 (s, 3H, 4-CH₃); 5.69 (s, 1H, H-14); 6.05 (d, J = 10Hz, 1H, H-7); 6.57 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1H, H-6); $C_{29}H_{44}O$, MW: 408.668. J. Chem. Soc. P.T. 1, 812, (1977).

30 **EXAMPLE 9**

 3β -(Acetyloxy)- 5α -cholest-8-ene- 6α -ol

Cholesta-5,8-diene-3β-yl acetate (1.0 g) is dissolved in 250 ml diethylether. The reaction mixture is cooled to 0°C and 2.35 ml of borane-dimethylsulphide-complex (2 M solution in

tetrahydrofuran) is added. The reaction mixture is warmed to room temperature within 2 hours. Then, 26 ml water, 26 ml sodium hydroxyde solution (10 % aqueous) and 3.65 ml hydrogenperoxyde (30 %) are added at 0°C. After aqueous work-up and column chromatography 3β-(acetyloxy)- 5α -cholest-8-ene- 6α -ol (140 mg) is isolated.

5

¹H-NMR (CDCI₃): δ = 0.59 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.87 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.94 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 0.99 (s, H3, H-19); 2.03 (s, 3H, 3-OAc); 2.26 (m, 1H); 2.48 (m, 1H); 3.72 (m, 1H, H-6); 4.69 (m, 1H, H-3); $C_{29}H_{48}O_3$, MW; 444.698.

10 **EXAMPLE 10**

 5α -Cholest-7-ene- 3β , 5α , 6β -triol

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.59 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.87 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.94 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 1.08 (s, H3, H-19); 3.63 (m, 1H, H-6); 4.08 (m, 1H, H-3); 5.35 (m, 1H, H-7). C₂₇H₄₆O₃, MW: 418.660. J. Org. Chem. <u>50</u>, 1835, (1985).

EXAMPLE 11

Cholesta-5,8,14-triene-3β-ol

20

Cholesta-5,8-diene-3β-ol (1.54 g) is dissolved in 50 ml dichloromethane. A solution of mchloroperoxybenzoic acid (1.04 g) in 50 ml dichloromethane is added at room temperature. The reaction mixture is stirred for 5 hours.

After aqueous work-up and subsequent column chromatography $8\alpha, 9\alpha$ -epoxycholest-5-en-3 β ol (740 mg) is isolated.

25

15

 $8\alpha, 9\alpha$ -Epoxycholest-5-en-3 β -ol (200mg) is dissolved in dichloromethane and the solution is cooled to 0°C. 1.5 ml of a diethylaluminumcyanide-solution (1 M in toluene) is added dropwise. After addition, the reaction mixture is warmed to room temperature and stirred for additional 18 hours. After basic work-up and column chromatography, cholesta-5,8,14-triene-3β-ol (51 mg) is isolated.

30

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.84 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.94 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 1.22 (s, H3, H-19); 2.59 (m, 1H, H-7); 2.88 (m, 1H, H-7); 3.57 (m, 1H, H-3); 5.38 (m, 1H, H-15); 5.52 (m, 1H, H-6). $C_{27}H_{42}O$, MW: 382.630.

EXAMPLE 12

 1α -Hydroxy- 5β -cholestane-3-one

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.68 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (2 × d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.90 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 1.21 (s, H3, H-19); 3.62 (m, 1H, H-1). C₂₇H₄₆O₂, MW: 402.661. J. Chem. Soc. P.T. 1, 2488, (1977).

EXAMPLE 13

10 Cholest-5-ene-3 β -9 α -diol

 8α , 9α -Epoxycholest-5-en-3 β -ol (200 mg) is dissolved in 13 ml diethylamine at - 20°C. Lithium (100 mg) is added in small portions. The reaction mixture is stirred for 3 hours. After aqueous work-up, a crude product (207 mg) is isolated. Cristallization from diisopropylether yields cholest-5-ene-3 β , 9α -diol (62 mg).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.68 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.93 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 1.15 (s, H3, H-19); 2.37 (m, 1H); 3.52 (m, 1H, H-3); 5.40 (m, 1H, H-6). C₂₇H₄₆O₂, MW: 402.661.

EXAMPLE 14

15

20

30

 5α -Cholest-7-ene-3β- 5α -diol

¹H-NMR (CDCI₃): δ = 0.56 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.92 (s, 3H, H-19); 0.94 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 2.24 (m, 1H); 4.05 (m, 1H, H-3); 5.08 (m, 1H, H-7).
 C₂₇H₄₆O₂, MW: 402.661. Biochem. J. <u>105</u>, 1194, (1967).

EXAMPLE 15

 5α -Cholestane- 1α - 3α -diol

 1α -Hydoxy-5 β -cholestane-3-one [J. Chem. Soc. Perkin. Trans. $\underline{1}$, 1977, 2488] (110 mg) is dissolved in 6 ml ethanol.

Sodiumborohydride (52 mg) is added at room temperature in one portion. The reaction mixture is stirred for 4 hours. After aqueous work-up and column chromatography, 5β -Cholestane- 1α , 3α -diol (75 mg) is isolated.

¹H-NMR (CDCI₃): δ = 0.64 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.88 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 1.12 (s, 3H, H-19); 3.29 (dd, J = 12 Hz, J = 3 Hz, 1H, H-1); 3.77 (m, 1H, H-3). C₂₇H₄₈O₂, MW: 404.677.

EXAMPLE 16

10 5α -Cholestane-3β-5β-diol

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.65 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.92 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 0.95 (s, 3H, H-19); 2.01 (m, 1H, H-4); 2.20 (dd, J = 15 Hz, J = 4 Hz, 1H, H-4); 3.00 (broad, 1H, OH); 4.13 (m, 1H, H-3). C₂₇H₄₈O₂, MW: 404.677. J. Org. Chem. <u>27</u>, 1433, (1962).

EXAMPLE 17

15

5β-Cholestane- 3α - 5β -diol

¹H-NMR (CDCI₃): δ = 0.64 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.89 (s, 3H, H-19); 0.91 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 4.02 (m, 1H, H-3). C₂₇H₄₈O₂, MW: 404.677. J. Org. Chem. <u>27</u>, 1433, (1962).

EXAMPLE 18

25 5α -Cholestane- 3α - 5α -diol

¹H-NMR (CDCI₃): δ = 0.65 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.92 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 0.95 (s, 3H, H-19); 3.25 (broad, 1H, OH); 4.10 (m, 1H, H-3). C₂₇H₄₈O₂, MW: 404.677. J. Chem. Soc., 4482, (1961).

EXAMPLE 19

30

 $3\beta\text{-}(Benzoyloxy)\text{-}22\text{-}hydroxy\text{-}4,4\text{-}dimethyl\text{-}5}\alpha\text{-}cholest\text{-}8(14)\text{-}ene\text{-}15,24\text{-}dione$

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.85 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.96 - 1-16 (m, 18H, H-19, H-21, 2x4-CH₃, H-26/27); 2.6 (m, 1H, H-25); 3.3 (d, J = 2 Hz, 1H, 22-OH); 4.06 (m, 1H, H-22); 4.22 (m, 1H, H-7); 4.8 (dd, J = 11 Hz, J = 5 Hz, 1H, H-3). C₃₆H₅₀O₅, MW: 562.790. J. Am. Chem. Soc. <u>11</u> (1989), 278.

5

EXAMPLE 20

3 β -(Benzoyloxy)-4,4-dimethyl-5 α -cholest-8(14)-ene-15,24-dione

¹H-NMR (CDCI₃): δ = 0.85 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.97 - 1-14 (m, 18H, 2x4-CH₃, H-19, H-21, H-10 26/27); 2.6 (m, 1H, H-25); 4.21 (m, 1H, H-7); 4.8 (dd, J = 11 Hz, J = 5 Hz, 1H, H-3). C₃₆H₅₀O₄, MW: 546.791. J. Am. Chem. Soc. <u>11</u> (1989), 278.



EXAMPLE 21

 3β -(Benzoyloxy)-24-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl- 5α -cholest-8(14)-ene-15-one

15

 1 H-NMR (CDCI₃): δ = 0.85 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.88 - 1-04 (m, 18H, H-19, H-21, 2x4-CH₃, H-26/27); 2.38 (m, 1H, H-16); 3.31 (m, 1H, H-24); 4.21 (m, 1H, H-7); 4.8 (dd, J = 11 Hz, J = 5 Hz, 1H, H-3). $C_{36}H_{52}O_4$, MW: 548.807. J. Am. Chem. Soc. <u>11</u> (1989), 278.

20 EXAMPLE 22

5β-Cholest-7-ene-3β,5β-diol



25

30

 $5,6\beta$ -Epoxy- 5β -cholest-7-en- 3β -ol [J. Org. Chem. $\underline{50}$ (1985), 1835] (150 mg) is dissolved in 2.5 ml of a potassium hydroxyde solution (5 % in methanol). The reaction mixture is refluxed for one hour. Aqueous work-up, extraction with ethylacetate and column chromatography yields 5β -cholest-7-ene- $3\beta,5\beta$ -diol (54 mg).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.55 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.86 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 9H, H-26/27); 0.92 (s, 3H, H-19); 0.94 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 4.16 (m, 1H, H-3); 5.05 (m, 1H, H-7). C₂₇H₄₆O₂, MW: 402.661.

EXAMPLE 23

5β-Cholest-6-ene-3β,5β,8β-triol

¹H-NMR (CDCI₃): δ = 0.66 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.87 (3 x d, J = 7 Hz, 9H, H-21/26/27); 1.28 (s, 3H, H-19); 2.24 (m, 1H); 2.77 (m, 1H); 3..48 (m, 1H, H-3); 5.64 (d, J = 11 Hz, 1H); 5.88 (d, J = 11 Hz, 1H). C₂₇H₄₆O₃, MW: 418.660. J. Org. Chem. <u>50</u> (1961), 1835,.

5 EXAMPLE 24

 5α -Cholest-8-ene- 3β , 6α -diol

 1 H-NMR (CDCI₃): δ = 0.60 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.87 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.94 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 0.98 (s, 3H, H-19); 2.48 (m, 1H); 3.62 (m, 1H, H-3); 3.75 (m, 1H, H-6). $C_{27}H_{46}O_{2}$, MW: 402.661. Proc. Chem. Soc. London, 450, (1961).

EXAMPLE 25

10

5β-Cholest-8-ene-3β,6β-diol

3β-(Acetyloxy)-5α-cholest-8-ene-6α-ol (124 mg) is dissolved in 20 ml ethanol. Solid potassium hydroxyde (710 mg) is added and the reaction mixture is stirred for 2 hours. After aqueous work-up, 5β-cholest-8-ene-3β,6β-diol (96 mg) is isolated.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 0.65 ppm (s, 3H, H-18); 0.87 (2 x d, J = 7 Hz, 6H, H-26/27); 0.93 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H, H-21); 1.14 (s, 3H, H-19); 2.33 (m, 2H); 3.83 (m, 2H, H-3/6). C₂₇H₄₆O₂, MW: 402.661.

EXAMPLE 26

(24R,S)-4,4-Dimethyl-5 α -cholesta-8,14-dien-3 β ,24-diol

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): 5.36 ppm (s, 1H); 3.33 (m, 1H); 3.23 (dd, 1H); 1.05 (s, 3H); 1.02 (s, 3H); 0.92 (m, 9H); 0.84 (s, 3H); 0.81 (s, 3H).

This compound was separated into the (24R) and the (24S) isomers.

25

CLAIMS

5

10

15

20

1. Compounds of the general formula la:

wherein R1 and R2, which are different or identical with the proviso that they are not both hydroxy, are selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy and branched or unbranched C₁-C₆ alkyl which may be substituted by halogen, hydroxy or cyano, or wherein R¹ and R² together designate methylene or oxo or, together with the carbon atom to which they are bound, form a cyclopropane ring, a cyclopentane ring, or a cyclohexane ring; R3 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, acetoxy, oxo, halogen, C₁-C₄ alkandiyl (bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton) and =NOR²⁶ wherein R²⁶ is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R³ designates, together with R⁹ or R¹⁴, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R3 and R9 or R14 are placed; R4 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, acetoxy, oxo, halogen, C₁-C₄ alkandiyl (bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton) and =NOR²⁷ wherein R²⁷ is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R⁴ designates, together with R¹³ or R¹⁵, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R4 and R13 or R15 are placed; R5 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, oxo and =NOR²² wherein R²² is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R⁵ designates, together with R⁶ an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R5 and R6 are placed; R6 is hydrogen or hy-

10

15

20

25

30

droxy or R⁶ designates, together with R⁵, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁵ and R6 are placed; R9 is hydrogen, hydroxy, halogen or oxo or R9 designates, together with R^3 or R^{10} , an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^9 and R^3 ${f cr}$ R¹⁰ are placed; R¹⁰ is hydrogen, halogen or hydroxy, or R¹⁰ designates, together with R⁹, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R10 and R9 are placed; R11 is selected from the group comprising hydroxy, optionally substituted alkoxy, acyloxy, sulphonyloxy, phosphonyloxy, oxo, halogen, C₁-C₄ alkandiyl (bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton) and =NOR²⁸ wherein R²⁸ is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R¹¹ designates, together with R¹², an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹¹ and R¹² are placed; R¹² is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, hydroxy, C_1 - C_3 alkyl, vinyl, C_1 - C_3 alkoxy and halogen, or R12 designates, together with R11, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹² and R¹¹ are placed; R¹³ is hydrogen, hydroxy or halogen or R¹³ designates, together with R^4 or R^{14} , an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^{13} and R^4 or R¹⁴ are placed; R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy or halogen, or R¹⁴ designates, together with R³, R⁶ or R^{13} , an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^{14} and R^3 or R^6 or R^{13} are placed; R¹⁵ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, acetoxy, oxo and $=NOR^{23}$ wherein R^{23} is hydrogen or C_1 - C_3 alkyl, or R^{15} designates, together with R⁴, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹⁵ and R⁴ are placed; R¹⁶ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₃ alkyl, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, oxo and =NOR 24 wherein R 24 is hydrogen or C $_1$ -C $_3$ alkyl, or R 16 designates, together with R¹⁷, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹⁶ and R¹⁷ are placed; R¹⁷ is hydrogen or hydroxy, or R¹⁷ designates, together with R¹⁶, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹⁷ and R¹⁶ are placed; R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ are both hydrogen, or one of R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ is hydrogen while the other is halogen, hydroxy or methoxy, or R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ together designate oxo; R²⁵ is selected from the group comprising C₁-C₄ alkyl and hydroxymethyl, or R²⁵ and R³¹ together designate methylene or oxo; R²⁹ is hydrogen, halogen, methyl, hydroxy or oxo; R³o is hydrogen, halogen, methyl or hydroxy; R³¹ is hydrogen, halogen, methyl or hydroxy, or R³¹, together with R²⁵, designates methylene or oxo; and A is a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and when A is a carbon atom, R^7 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, hydroxy and halogen; and R⁸ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, methylene and oxo, or R⁷ designates, together with R⁸, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁷ and R⁸ are placed; R^{20} is selected from the group comprising C_1 - C_4 alkyl, trifluoromethyl and C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; R²¹ is selected from the group comprising C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ hydroxyalkyl, C₁-C₄

10

15

20

25

30

haloalkyl containing up to three halogen atoms, methoxymethyl, acetoxymethyl, and C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, or R20 and R21, together with the carbon atom at which they are placed, form a C3-C₆ cycloalkyl ring; and when A is a nitrogen atom, R⁷ designates a lone pair of electrons; and R⁸ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, cyano and oxo; and R²⁰ and R²¹ are, independently, C₁-C₄ alkyl or C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; with the general proviso that at least one of R¹, R², R⁶, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹², R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁹, R³⁰ and R³¹ is hydroxy or R²⁵ is hydroxymethyl and with the further general proviso that R9, R10 and R11 are not all hydroxy and with the further general proviso that it is not 5α -bromocholestane- 3β , 6β -diol; 7α -bromocholestane- 3β , 6α -diol; 7α -bromocholestane- 3β , 6β -diol; 7α -bromocholestane- 3β , 5α -diol-6-one; 7β -bromocholestane- 3β , 5α -diol-6-one; 3β -bromocholestane- 2α -ol; 5α -chlorocholestane- 3β , 6α diol; 5α -chlorocholestane- 3β , 6β -diol; 6β -chlorocholestane- 3β , 5α -diol; $\Delta^{7,9(11)}$ -cholestadiene- 3β . 6α -diol; $\Delta^{7,9(11)}$ -cholestadiene- 3β , 6β -diol; cholestane- 2α , 3α -diol; cholestane- 2α , 3β -diol; cholestane- 2β , 3α -diol; cholestane- 2β , 3β -diol; cholestane- 3α , 4α -diol; cholestane- 3α , 4β -diol; cholestane-3 β ,4 β -diol; cholestane-3 α ,5 α -diol; cholestane-3 β ,5 α -diol; cholestane-3 β ,6 α -diol; cholestane-3β,6β-diol; cholestane-3β,22α-diol; cholestane-3β,22β-diol; cholestane-3β,7α,8α-triol; Δ^5 cholestene-3 β ,4 α -diol; Δ ⁵-cholestene-3 β ,4 β -diol; Δ ⁵-cholestene-3 β ,20 α -diol; Δ ⁵-cholestene-3 β ,-22α-diol; Δ^5 -cholestene-3β,22β-diol; Δ^5 -cholestene-3β,24α-diol; Δ^5 -cholestene-3β,24β-diol; Δ^6 cholestene-3 β ,5 α -diol; $\Delta^{8(14)}$ -cholestene-3 β ,9 α -diol; Δ^{11} -cholestene-3 α ,24-diol; Δ^{5} -cholestene-38.6-diol-7-one: Δ^5 -cholestene- 4α -ol-3-one: Δ^5 -cholestene- 3β , 4β , 7α -triol; coprostane- 3α , 5β diol; coprostane-3β,5β-diol; coprostane-3β,6β-diol; coprostane-4β,5β-diol-3-one; 20β-hydroxy-20-isocholesterol; 4α -hydroxy- 5α -cholestan-3-one; cholestan- 3β , 5α , 6β -triol- 3β -hemisuccinate; cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,6 β -triol-3 β -hemisuccinate-6 β -acetate; cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,6 β -triol-3 β -hemisuccinate-6β-formiate; cholestan-3β,5α,6β-triol-3β-sulphate; cholestan-3β,5α,6β-triol-3βphosphate; 2β,3β,14α,22(R),25-pentahydroxycholest-7-en-6-one; cholest-7-en-2β,3β,5β,11α,-14α,20(R),22(R)-heptahydroxy-6-one; 5,24-cholestadien-3β-ol; 5-cholesten-3β,24,25-triol-3βacetate; 5-cholesten-3β,24,25-triol-3β,24-diacetate; 5,25-cholestadien-3β-ol acetate; 5cholesten-3β,25,26-triol-3β-acetate; 5-cholesten-3β,25,26-triol; 24,25(or 25,26)-dihydroxycholecalciferol; cholest- 5α -an- 3β , 6α -diol; cholest- 5β -an- 3β , 6β -diol; cholest- 5α -an-3,6-dione; cholest- 5α -an- 6β -ol-3-one; cholest- 5α -an- 2α -bromo- 6β -ol-3-one; cholestan- 3β ,25-diol- 3β acetate; cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,25-triol-3 β -acetate; cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,25-triol; cholestan-5 α ,25-diol-3one; cholest-4-en-25-ol-3-one; cholesta-4,6-dien-25-ol-3-one; 1α,3β-dihydroxycholest-5-en; $1\alpha,3\beta$ -dihydroxycholest-6-en; $3\alpha,6\alpha$ -dihydroxy-5 β -cholestan-24-one; $3\alpha,6\alpha,24$ -trihydroxy-5 β cholestan; 3-chlorocholest-5,24-dien; 3β-hydroxycholest-5-en-24-on acetate; 3-chlorocholest-5-en-24-on; cholestan-25-fluoro-3β,22(S)-diol; cholestan-25-chloro-3β,22(S)-diol; cholestan-25-

methyl-3 β ,22-diol; cholestan-25-methyl-3 β ,22-diol-3-hydrogenbutandioate; cholestan-25methyl-3 β ,22-diol-bis-hydrogenbutandioate; 1 α ,25-dihydroxy-26,26,26,27,27,27-hexafluorocholes-5-en; 2β , 3β , 14α , 22, 25-pentahydroxy- Δ^7 - 5β -cholesten-6-one; 25-hydroxy- 3β -[(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy]cholest-5-en-24-on; 3β-[(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy]cholest-5-en-24-on; 25-hydroxy-24-oxocholesterol-3 β -acetate; 24-oxocholesterol-3 β -acetate; 25-hydroxy-24-oxocholesterol; 24,25-dihydroxycholesterol; 3α , 6α ,25-trihydroxy-24-oxo-5 β -cholestane; $1\alpha,25$ -dihydroxy-24-oxocholesterol; $1\alpha,24,25$ -trihydroxycholesterol; 3β -hydroxy-24-oxocholesta-5,7-dien; 3 β ,25-dihydroxy-24-oxocholesta-5,7-dien; 3 β -hydroxy-24-oxocholesta-5,7-dien; dien; $1\alpha,3\beta$ -dihydroxy-24-oxocholesta-5,7-dien; $1\alpha,3\beta,25$ -trihydroxy-24-oxocholesta-5,7-dien; (24R)-3 β ,24,25-trihydroxycholest-5-en; (24RS)-3 β ,24,25-trihydroxycholest-5-en; (24R)-10 1β , 3β , 24, 25-tetrahydroxycholest-5-en; 4, 4-dimethyl-24-methylene- 3β -sulphooxy- 12α acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien- 2α ,11 β -diol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-3 β -sulphooxy-12 α acetoxycholest-8-en-2 α ,11 β -diol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-12 α -acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien-2 α ,3 β ,11 β -triol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-12 α -acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien-3 β ,11 β -diol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene- 12α -acetoxycholest-8-en- 2α ,3 β ,11 β -triol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methyl-15 $ene-12\alpha-acetoxycholest-8-en-3\beta,11\beta-diol;~4,4-dimethyl-24-methylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11\beta,11,4-diol;~4,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11,4-dimethylenecholest-8-en-2,3\beta,11,4-dimethylene$ 12α-tetraol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-3β-sulphooxycholesta-8,14-dien-2α,11β,12α-triol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylenecholesta-8,14-dien-2 α ,3 β ,11 β ,12 α -tetraol; 4,4-dimethyl-24 $methylene-3\beta-sulphooxy-12\alpha-acetoxycholest-8-en-2-ol-11-one;\ mono(4,4-dimethyl-24-dimeth$ $methylene-12\alpha-acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien-2\alpha,11\beta-diol)-3\beta-succinate;\ 1\alpha,3\beta-dihydroxy-12\alpha-acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien-2\alpha,11\beta-diol)-3\beta-succinate;\ 1\alpha,3\beta-dihydroxy-12\alpha-acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien-2\alpha,113-diol)-3\beta-succinate;\ 1\alpha,3\beta-dihydroxy-12\alpha-acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien-2\alpha,113-diol)-3\beta-succinate;\ 1\alpha,3\beta-diol)-3\beta-succinate;\ 1\alpha,3\beta-diol)-3\beta-succina$ 20 cholest-5-ene; $1\alpha,3\beta,24$ -trihydroxycholest-5-ene; cholesta-5,7-diene- $3\beta,23(R),25$ -triol; cholesta-5,7-diene-3 β ,23(S),25-triol; 1 α ,3 β -dihydroxycholest-5-en; 1 α ,3 β ,25-trihydroxycholest-5en; Δ^7 -cholesten-2 β ,3 β -diol-6-one; 2 β ,3 β ,14 α ,22(R),25-pentahydroxy- Δ^7 -5 β -cholesten-6-one; 2β , 3β , 14α , 22(S), 25-pentahydroxy- Δ^7 - 5β -cholesten-6-one; cholest-5-en- 3β , 22(R,S), 25-triol; cholest-5-en-25-fluoro-3 β ,22(R,S)-diol; cholest-5-en-25-fluoro-22(R,S)-ol-3 β -semisuccinate; 25 cholest-5-en-25-chloro-3 β ,22-diol; cholest-5-en-25-chloro-22-ol-3 β -hemisuccinate; 3α , 7α ,12 α ,-24,25-pentahydroxy coprostane; 3α , 7α , 12α ,25-tetrahydroxy coprostane; 3α , 7α ,25-trihydroxy coprostane; $3\alpha,7\alpha,24,25$ -tetrahydroxy coprostane; 5β -cholestane- $3\alpha,7\alpha,12\alpha,24\alpha,25$ -pentol; 5β -cholestane- 3α , 7α , 12α , 24β ,25-pentol; 5β -cholestane- 3α , 7α , 12α ,25,26-pentol; 5β -cholestane- 3α , 7α , 12α ,25-tetrol; 1α , 2α , 3β -trihydroxycholesta-5,7-diene; 1α , 2α -dihydroxy- 3β -acetoxy-30 cholesta-5-ene; cholest-5-en-2 β -fluoro-1 α ,3 β -diol; 24-cyclopropylchol-5-ene-3 β ,22(S)-diol-3acatate, 24-cyclopropylchol-5-ene-3β,22(S)-diol, 24-cyclopropylchol-5-ene-3β,22(S)-diol 3 hydrogen butanedioate; 24-cyclopropyl- 5α -cholane- 3β ,22(S)-diol; cholesta-1,4,6-trien-3-one;

10

15

20

 1α ,3β-dihydroxycholest-5-ene; 1α ,3β-dihydroxy-5α-cholestane; 1α ,3β-dihydroxycholesta-5,7-diene; 1α ,3β-25-trihydroxycholest-5-ene; 1α ,25-dihydroxycholesterol; 1α ,25-dihydroxycholest-erol-3-benzoate; cholest-5-en-3β,20(S)-diol; 2β ,3β,14α,22(R),25-pentahydroxycholest-7-en-6-one and cholest-5-en-3β,22(S)-diol; cholest-5-en-3β,20(S)-diol; cholest-5-en-3β,4β-diol; cholest-5-en-3β,22(R)-diol and 2β ,3β,14α,22(R),25-pentahydroxycholest-7-en-6-one.

2. Use of compounds of the general formula lb:

wherein R^1 and R^2 , which are different or identical with the proviso that they are not both hydroxy, are selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy and branched or unbranched C_1 - C_6 alkyl which may be substituted by halogen, hydroxy or cyano, or wherein R^1 and R^2 together designate methylene or oxo or, together with the carbon atom to which they are bound, form a cyclopropane ring, a cyclopentane ring, or a cyclohexane ring; R^3 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, acetoxy, oxo, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkandiyl (bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton) and = NOR^{26} wherein R^{26} is hydrogen or C_1 - C_3 alkyl, or R^3 designates, together with R^9 or R^{14} , an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^3 and R^9 or R^{14} are placed; R^4 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, acetoxy, oxo, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkandiyl (bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton) and = NOR^{27} wherein

10

15

20

25

30

R²⁷ is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R⁴ designates, together with R¹³ or R¹⁵, an additionalbond between the carbon atoms at which R4 and R13 or R15 are placed; R5 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, oxo and =NOR²² wherein R²² is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R⁵ designates, together with R⁶ an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁵ and R⁶ are placed; R⁶ is hydrogen or hydroxy or R⁶ designates, together with R⁵, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁵ and R⁶ are placed; R⁰ is hydrogen, hydroxy, halogen or oxo or R⁰ designates, together with R³ or R¹⁰, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁹ and R³ or R^{10} are placed; R^{10} is hydrogen, halogen or hydroxy, or R^{10} designates, together with R^{0} , an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹o and Ro are placed; R¹¹ is selected from the group comprising hydroxy, optionally substituted alkoxy, acyloxy, sulphonyloxy, phosphonyloxy, oxo, halogen, C₁-C₄ alkandiyl (bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton) and =NOR²⁸ wherein R²⁸ is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R¹¹ designates, together with R^{12} , an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^{11} and R^{12} are placed; R^{12} is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, hydroxy, C_1 - C_3 alkyl, vinyl, C_1 - C_3 alkoxy and halogen, or R¹² designates, together with R¹¹, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹² and R¹¹ are placed; R¹³ is hydrogen, hydroxy or halogen or R¹³ designates, together with R^4 or R^{14} , an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^{13} and R^4 or R^{14} are placed; R^{14} is hydrogen, hydroxy or halogen, or R^{14} designates, together with R^3 , R^6 or R^{13} , an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^{14} and R^3 or R^6 or R^{13} are placed; R^{15} is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, acetoxy, oxo and =NOR 23 wherein R 23 is hydrogen or C $_1$ -C $_3$ alkyl, or R 15 designates, together with R⁴, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹⁵ and R⁴ are placed; R¹⁶ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₃ alkyl, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, oxo and =NOR 24 wherein R 24 is hydrogen or C $_1$ -C $_3$ alkyl, or R 16 designates, together with R^{17} , an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^{16} and R¹⁷ are placed; R¹⁷ is hydrogen or hydroxy, or R¹⁷ designates, together with R¹⁶, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹⁷ and R¹⁶ are placed; R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ are both hydrogen, or one of R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ is hydrogen while the other is halogen, hydroxy or methoxy, or R^{18} and R^{19} together designate oxo; R^{25} is selected from the group comprising C_1 - C_4 alkyl and hydroxymethyl, or R²⁵ and R³¹ together designate methylene or oxo; R²⁹ is hydrogen, halogen, methyl, hydroxy or oxo; R³o is hydrogen, halogen, methyl or hydroxy; R³t is hydrogen, halogen, methyl or hydroxy, or R³¹, together with R²⁵, designates methylene or oxo; and A is a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and when A is a carbon atom, \mathbb{R}^7 is selected

10

15

20

25

30

from the group comprising hydrogen, hydroxy and halogen; and R8 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, methylene and oxo, or R⁷ designates, together with R⁸, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁷ and R⁸ are placed; R²⁰ is selected from the group comprising C₁-C₄ alkyl, trifluoromethyl and C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; R21 is selected from the group comprising C1-C4 alkyl, C1-C4 hydroxyalkyl, C1-C4 haloalkyl containing up to three halogen atoms, methoxymethyl, acetoxymethyl, and C3-C6 cycloalkyl, or R20 and R21, together with the carbon atom at which they are placed, form a C3-C₆ cycloalkyl ring; and when A is a nitrogen atom, R⁷ designates a lone pair of electrons; and R8 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C4 alkyl, cyano and oxo; and R²⁰ and R²¹ are, independently, C₁-C₄ alkyl or C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; with the general proviso that at least one of R1, R2, R6, R6, R9, R10, R12, R13, R14, R18, R19, R29, R30 and R31 is hydroxy or R25 is hydroxymethyl, with the further general proviso that R⁹, R¹⁰ and R¹¹ are not all hydroxy. and with the further general proviso that it is not cholestan-3β,5α,6β-triol-3β-hemisuccinate; cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,6 β -triol-3 β -hemisuccinate-6 β -acetate; cholestan-3 β ,5 α ,6 β -triol-3 β -hemisuccinate-6β-formiate; cholestan-3β,5α,6β-triol-3β-sulphate; cholestan-3β,5α,6β-triol-3βphosphate; cholestan-3β,25-diol-3β-acetate; cholestan-3β,5α,25-triol-3β-acetate; cholestan-3β,5α,25-triol; cholestan-5α,25-diol-3-one; cholest-4-en-25-ol-3-one; cholesta-4,6-dien-25-ol-3one; 1α , 3β -dihydroxycholest-5-en; 1α , 3β -dihydroxycholest-6-en; 3α , 6α -dihydroxy- 5β -cholestan-24-one; 3α,6α,24-trihydroxy-5β-cholestan; 3-chlorocholest-5,24-dien; 3β-hydroxycholest-5en-24-on acetate; 3-chlorocholest-5-en-24-on; cholestan-25-fluoro-3β,22(S)-diol; cholestan-25chloro-3\(\beta\),22(S)-diol; cholestan-25-methyl-3\(\beta\),22-diol; cholestan-25-methyl-3\(\beta\),22-diol-3hydrogenbutandioate; cholestan-25-methyl-3 β ,22-diol-bis-hydrogenbutandioate; 2 β ,3 β ,14 α ,-22,25-pentahydroxy-Δ⁷-5β-cholesten-6-one; (24R)-3β,24,25-trihydroxycholest-5-en; (24RS)-3β,24,25-trihydroxycholest-5-en; (24R)-1β,3β,24,25-tetrahydroxycholest-5-en; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-3 β -sulphooxy-12 α -acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien-2 α ,11 β -diol; 4,4-dimethyl-24methylene-3β-sulphooxy-12α-acetoxycholest-8-en-2α,11β-diol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene- 12α -acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien- 2α ,3 β ,11 β -triol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene- 12α -acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien-3 β ,11 β -diol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-12 α -acetoxycholest-8-en-2 α ,3 β ,-11β-triol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-12α-acetoxycholest-8-en-3β,11β-diol; 4,4-dimethyl-24methylenecholest-8-en-2,3 β ,11 β ,12 α -tetraol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-3 β -sulphooxycholesta-8,14-dien- 2α ,11 β ,12 α -triol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylenecholesta-8,14-dien- 2α ,3 β ,-11β,12α-tetraol; 4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene-3β-sulphooxy-12α-acetoxycholest-8-en-2-ol-11one; mono(4,4-dimethyl-24-methylene- 12α -acetoxycholesta-8,14-dien- 2α ,11 β -dioI)-3 β succinate; cholesta-5,7-diene-3\(\beta\),25-triol; cholesta-5,7-diene-3\(\beta\),25-triol; 2\(\beta\),3\(\beta\).

10

15

20

14α,22(R),25-pentahydroxy- Δ^7 -5β-cholesten-6-one; 2β,3β,14α,22(S),25-pentahydroxy- Δ^7 -5β-cholesten-6-one; cholest-5-en-3β,22(R,S),25-triol; cholest-5-en-25-fluoro-3β,22(R,S)-diol; cholest-5-en-25-fluoro-22(R,S)-ol-3β-semisuccinate; cholest-5-en-25-chloro-3β,22-diol; cholest-5-en-25-chloro-22-ol-3β-hemisuccinate; 3α,7α,12α,24,25-pentahydroxy coprostane; 3α,7α,-12α,25-tetrahydroxy coprostane; 3α,7α,25-trihydroxy coprostane; 3α,7α,24,25-tetrahydroxy coprostane; 5β-cholestane-3α,7α,12α,24α,25-pentol; 5β-cholestane-3α,7α,12α,24β,25-pentol; 5β-cholestane-3α,7α,12α,25-tetrol; cholest-5-en-2β-fluoro-1α,3β-diol; 24-cyclopropylchol-5-ene-3β,22(S)-diol-3-acatate, 24-cyclopropylchol-5-ene-3β,22(S)-diol, 24-cyclopropylchol-5-ene-3β,22(S)-diol 3 hydrogen butanedioate; 24-cyclopropyl-5α-cholane-3β,22(S)-diol; cholesta-1,4,6-trien-3-one; 1α,3β-dihydroxycholest-5-ene; 1α,3β-dihydroxy-5α-cholestane; 1α,3β-dihydroxycholesta-5,7-diene; 1α,3β-25-trihydroxycholest-5-ene; 1α,25-dihydroxycholesterol; and 1α,25-dihydroxycholesterol-3-benzoate, as a medicament.

3. Compounds of the general formula lc:

wherein R^1 and R^2 , which are different or identical with the proviso that they are not both hydroxy, are selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy and branched or unbranched C_1 - C_6 alkyl which may be substituted by halogen, hydroxy or cyano, or wherein R^1 and R^2 together designate methylene or oxo or, together with the carbon atom to which

10

15

20

25

30

they are bound, form a cyclopropane ring, a cyclopentane ring, or a cyclohexane ring; R³ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, acetoxy, oxo, halogen, C₁-C₄ alkandiyl (bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton) and =NOR26 wherein R²⁶ is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R³ designates, together with R⁹ or R¹⁴, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R3 and R9 or R14 are placed; R4 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, acetoxy, oxo, halogen. C₁-C₄ alkandiyl (bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton) and =NOR²⁷ wherein R²⁷ is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R⁴ designates, together with R¹³ or R¹⁵, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R4 and R13 or R15 are placed; R5 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, oxo and =NOR²² wherein R²² is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R⁵ designates, together with R⁶ an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R5 and R6 are placed; R6 is hydrogen or hydroxy or R⁶ designates, together with R⁵, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁵ and R⁶ are placed; R⁹ is hydrogen, hydroxy, halogen or oxo or R⁹ designates, together with R³ or R¹⁰, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R⁹ and R³ or R¹⁰ are placed; R¹⁰ is hydrogen, halogen or hydroxy, or R¹⁰ designates, together with R⁹, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R10 and R9 are placed; R11 is selected from the group comprising hydroxy, optionally substituted alkoxy, acyloxy, sulphonyloxy, phosphonyloxy, oxo, halogen, C₁-C₄ alkandiyl (bound to the same carbon atom of the sterol skeleton) and =NOR²⁸ wherein R²⁸ is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R¹¹ designates, together with R12, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R11 and R12 are placed; R12 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C3 alkyl, vinyl, C1-C3 alkoxy and halogen, or R¹² designates, together with R¹¹, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R12 and R11 are placed; R13 is hydrogen, hydroxy or halogen or R13 designates, together with R4 or R14, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R13 and R4 or R¹⁴ are placed; R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy or halogen, or R¹⁴ designates, together with R³, R⁶ or R¹³, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R¹⁴ and R³ or R⁶ or R¹³ are placed; R15 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, C1-C4 alkyl, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, acetoxy, oxo and =NOR²³ wherein R²³ is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R¹⁵ designates, together with R4, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R15 and R⁴ are placed; R¹⁶ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₃ alkyl, methylene, hydroxy, methoxy, oxo and =NOR²⁴ wherein R²⁴ is hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or R¹⁶ designates, together with R17, an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R16 and R¹⁷ are placed; R¹⁷ is hydrogen or hydroxy, or R¹⁷ designates, together with R¹⁶, an ad-

ditional bond between the carbon atoms at which R17 and R16 are placed; R18 and R19 are both hydrogen, or one of R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ is hydrogen while the other is halogen, hydroxy or methoxy, or R^{18} and R^{19} together designate oxo; R^{25} is selected from the group comprising C_1 - C_4 alkyl and hydroxymethyl, or R²⁵ and R³¹ together designate methylene or oxo; R²⁹ is hydrogen, halogen, methyl, hydroxy or oxo; R30 is hydrogen, halogen, methyl or hydroxy; R31 is hydrogen, halogen, methyl or hydroxy, or R³¹, together with R²⁵, designates methylene or oxo; and A is a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and when A is a carbon atom, R7 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, hydroxy and halogen; and R⁸ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, methylene and oxo, or R⁷ designates, together with R^8 , an additional bond between the carbon atoms at which R^7 and R^8 are placed; R^{20} is selected from the group comprising C_1 - C_4 alkyl, trifluoromethyl and C_7 - C_6 cycloalkyl; R²¹ is selected from the group comprising C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ hydroxyalkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl containing up to three halogen atoms, methoxymethyl, acetoxymethyl, and C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, or R^{20} and R^{21} , together with the carbon atom at which they are placed, form a C_{3} -C₆ cycloalkyl ring; and when A is a nitrogen atom, R⁷ designates a lone pair of electrons; and R⁸ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, cyano and oxo; and R^{20} and R^{21} are, independently, C_1 - C_4 alkyl or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; with the general proviso that at least one of R¹, R², R⁶, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹², R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁹, R³⁰ and R³¹ is hydroxy or R²⁵ is hydroxymethyl, and with the further general proviso that R9, R10 and R11 are not all hydroxy and with the further general proviso that it is not, for use in the regulation of meiosis.

5

10

15

20

30

- 4. Use of a compound of the general formula Ic described above for the preparation of a medicament for use in the regulation of meiosis.
- 5. A method of regulating the meiosis in a mammalian germ cell which method comprises administering an effective amount of a compound of the general formula Ic described above to a germ cell in need of such a treatment.
 - 6. A method wherein a compound of the general formula Ic described above is administered to a germ cell by administering it to a mammal hosting said cell.
 - 7. A method according to any one of the two preceding claims wherein the germ cell the meiosis of which is to be regulated is an oocyte.

WO 98/28323 PCT/DK97/00584

- 8. A method according to any one of the previous method claims wherein a compound according to any one of the preceding product claims is administered to an oocyte ex vivo.
- 9. A method according to any one of the previous method claims wherein the germ cell the meiosis of which is to be regulated is a male germ cell.

5

10

10. A method according to any one of the previous method claims whereby mature male germ cells are produced by administering a compound according to any one of the preceding product claims to testicular tissue *in vivo* or *in vitro*.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/DK 97/00584

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC6: C07J 9/00, A61K 31/575
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC6: C07J, A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

CA, WPI

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 9627658 A1 (NOVO NORDISK A/S), 12 Sept 1996 (12.09.96)	1-4
x		
^	WO 9600235 A1 (NOVO NORDISK A/S), 4 January 1996 (04.01.96)	1-4
		
x	STN International, File CAPLUS, CAPLUS accession no. 1996:394862, Yoshida, Yuzo et al: "Sterol 14-demethylase P450 activity expressed in rat gonads: contribution to the formation of mammalian meiosis-activating sterol"; & Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. (1996), 223(3), 534-538	1-4
		

L	Х	Further documents are lis	ted in	the	continuation	of Box C.

See patent family annex.

- Special categories of cited documents:
- document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" ertier document but published on or after the international filing date
- document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other
- document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed
- later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
- "&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

Date of mailing of the international search report 2 6 -03- 1998

<u>23 March 1998</u>

Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Swedish Patent Office Box 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Facsimile No. +46 8 666 02 86

Authorized officer

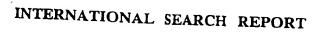
Eva Johansson Telephone No. +46 8 782 25 00

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

				PCT/DK 97/0	00584 ,
C (Continua	ation). DOCUMEN	ITS CONSIDERE	D TO BE RELEVANT	, , <u>,</u>	
Category*	Citation of documer	nt, with indication, v	where appropriate, of the	e relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Х	STN Internati accession "Chemical meiosis"; 2	1-4			
			-		
					-
				:	
					-



International application Na.

Box I Observations when and i	PCT/DK 97/00584
where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continua	ition of item 1 of first sheet)
This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims und	der Article 17/2//-> c
because they relate to subject maner not required to be searched built	
See PCT Rule 39.1(iv): Methods for treatment body by surgery or therapy, as well methods.	
2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comp an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specific	oly with the prescribed requirements to such
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the Box II Observations where units.	
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Cont.	second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of This International Searching Authority for the continuation of item 2 of	of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international	application, as follows:
\cdot	
	1
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, the searchable claims.	nis international seasch
As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional of any additional fee.	fee, this Authority did not invite payment
As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the a covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:	
• .	
No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Conseque restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims	ently, this international search report is s Nos.:
mark on Protest The additional search for any	
The additional search fees were accompanied by the ap	pplicant's protest.
No protest accompanied the payment of additional sea	erch fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

02/03/98

International application No.
PCT/DK 97/00584

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)			Publication date .	
WO	9627658	A1	12/09/96	AU	4784596	A	23/09/96
				CA	2214126	A	12/09/96
				EP	0813595	Α	29/12/97
				NO	974089	A	05/09/97
				PL	322106	A	05/01/98
WO	9600235	A1	04/01/96	AU	2734395	A	19/01/96
,,,	300000	/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	BG	101067		29/08/97
				BR	9508074		12/08/97
				CA		A	04/01/96
				CZ		Ä	16/07/97
				EP		A	16/04/97
				FΙ		A	20/02/97
				HŪ		A	28/08/97
				HU	9603584	D	00/00/00
				IL	114294	D	00/00/00
				NO	965516	Α	21/02/97
				PL	317830	Α	28/04/97
				SK	165596	Α	06/08/97
				US		A	10/02/98
				ZA		A	15/03/96